## **Introduced by Senator Battin**

## February 23, 2006

An act to amend Section 1363.03 of the Civil Code, relating to common interest developments, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1560, as introduced, Battin. Common interest developments: governance.

The Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act governs the establishment and management of common interest developments. These provisions require that a common interest development be managed by an association and that elections related to the governance or administration of the common interest development conform to specified requirements. Existing law authorizes a member of an association to bring a civil action to enforce his or her rights and authorizes a court to impose a civil penalty of up to \$500 for a violation of the provisions governing elections.

This bill would revise provisions governing the conduct of elections in a common interest development. Among other things, the bill would require an association to adopt rules to allow one or more inspectors to appoint or oversee additional persons to count and tabulate votes, specify that a quorum shall only be required if so stated in the bylaws of the association, prohibit an association from requiring a membership meeting in regard to an election except for the election or removal of directors, and impose other requirements relating to proxies and secret ballots, as specified.

The bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

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Vote:  $\frac{2}{3}$ . Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1363.03 of the Civil Code is amended 2 to read:

- 1363.03. (a) An association shall adopt rules, in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Article 4 (commencing with Section 1357.100) of Chapter 2, that do all of the following:
- (1) Ensure that if any candidate or member advocating a point of view is provided access to association media, newsletters, or Internet Web sites during a campaign, for purposes that are reasonably related to that election, equal access shall be provided to all candidates and members advocating a point of view, including those not endorsed by the board, for purposes that are reasonably related to the election. The association shall not edit or redact any content from these communications, but may include a statement specifying that the candidate or member, and not the association, is responsible for that content.
- (2) Ensure access to the common area meeting space, if any exists, during a campaign, at no cost, to all candidates, including those who are not incumbents, and to all members advocating a point of view, including those not endorsed by the board, for purposes reasonably related to the election.
- (3) Specify the qualifications for candidates for the board of directors and any other elected position, and procedures for the nomination of candidates. A nomination or election procedure shall not be deemed reasonable if it disallows any member of the association from nominating himself or herself for election to the board of directors.
- (4) Specify the qualifications for voting, the voting power of each membership, the authenticity, validity, and effect of proxies, and the voting period for elections, including the times at which polls will open and close.
- (5) Specify a method of selecting one or three independent third parties as inspector, or inspectors, of election utilizing one of the following methods:
  - (A) Appointment of the inspector or inspectors by the board.

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(B) Election of the inspector or inspectors by the members of the association.

- (C) Any other method for selecting the inspector or inspectors.
- (6) Allow the inspector, or inspectors, to appoint and oversee additional persons to count and tabulate votes as the inspector or inspectors deem appropriate.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other law or provision of the governing documents, all items legally requiring a vote of the membership, including but not limited to, an election within a common interest development regarding assessments, selection and removal of members of the association board of directors, amendments to the governing documents, or the grant of exclusive use of common area property pursuant to Section 1363.07 shall be held by secret ballot in accordance with the procedures set forth in this section. A quorum shall be required only if so stated in the bylaws of the association. A secret ballot as described in this section shall not be interpreted to be a written ballot as described in Section 7513 of the Corporations Code.
- (c) (1) The association shall select an independent third party or parties as an inspector of election. The number of inspectors of election shall be one or three.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, an independent third party includes, but is not limited to, a volunteer poll worker with the county registrar of voters, a licensee of the California Board of Accountancy, or a notary public. An independent third party may be a member of the association, but may not be a member of the board of directors or a candidate for the board of directors or related to a member of the board of directors or a candidate for the board of directors. An independent third party may not be a person who is currently employed or under contract to the association for any compensable services unless expressly authorized by rules of the association adopted pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (a).
- (3) The inspector or inspectors of election shall do all of the following:
- (A) Determine the number of memberships entitled to vote and the voting power of each.
- (B) Determine the authenticity, validity, and effect of proxies, if any.

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1 (C) Receive ballots.

- 2 (D) Hear and determine all challenges and questions in any 3 way arising out of or in connection with the right to vote.
  - (E) Count and tabulate all votes.
- 5 (F) Determine when the polls shall close.
  - (G) Determine the result of the election.
  - (H) Perform any acts as may be proper to conduct the election with fairness to all members in accordance with this section and all applicable rules of the association regarding the conduct of the election that are not in conflict with this section.
  - (4) An inspector of election shall perform his or her duties impartially, in good faith, to the best of his or her ability, and as expeditiously as is practical. If there are three inspectors of election, the decision or act of a majority shall be effective in all respects as the decision or act of all. Any report made by the inspector or inspectors of election is prima facie evidence of the facts stated in the report.
  - (d) (1) Proxies as described in Section 7613 of the Corporations Code shall not be interpreted to be a secret ballot as described in this section. An association may continue to use and to accept proxies if permitted or required by the bylaws of the association and if those proxies meet the requirements of this article, other laws, and the association's governing documents, but the association shall not be required to prepare or distribute proxies pursuant to this section. A proxy shall not be used in lieu of a ballot at a meeting.
  - (2) Any instruction given in a proxy issued for an election that directs the manner in which the proxy holder is to cast the vote shall be set forth on a separate page of the proxy that can be detached and given to the proxy holder to retain. The proxy holder shall cast the member's vote by secret ballot.
  - (e) Ballots and two preaddressed envelopes with instructions on how to return ballots shall be mailed by first-class mail or delivered by the association to every member not less than 30 days prior to the deadline for voting. In order to preserve confidentiality, a voter may not be identified by name, address, or lot, parcel, or unit number on the ballot. The association shall use as a model those procedures used by California counties for ensuring confidentiality of voter absentee ballots, including all of the following:

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(1) The ballot itself is not signed by the voter, but is inserted into an envelope that is sealed. This envelope is inserted into a second envelope that is sealed. In the upper left hand corner of the second envelope, the voter prints and signs his or her name, address, and lot, or parcel, or unit number that entitles him or her to vote.

- (2) The second envelope is addressed to the inspector or inspectors of election, who will be tallying the votes. The envelope may be mailed or delivered by hand to a location specified by the inspector or inspectors of election. The member may request a receipt for delivery.
- (f) All votes shall be counted and tabulated by the inspector or inspectors of election in public at a properly noticed open meeting of the board of directors or members. Any candidate or other member of the association may witness the counting and tabulation of the votes. No person, including a member of the association or an employee of the management company, shall open or otherwise review any ballot prior to the time and place at which the ballots are counted and tabulated. *Once a secret ballot is cast, it shall be irrevocable.*
- (g) The results of the election shall be promptly reported to the board of directors of the association and shall be recorded in the minutes of the next meeting of the board of directors and shall be available for review by members of the association. Within 15 days of the election, the board shall publicize the results of the election in a communication directed to all members.
- (h) The sealed ballots at all times shall be in the custody of the inspector or inspectors of election or at a location designated by the inspector or inspectors until after the tabulation of the vote, at which time custody shall be transferred to the association.
- (i) Cumulative voting rights and nomination of candidates from the floor of membership meetings or nomination by any other manner required by the association's governing documents shall not be affected by this section.
- (j) After tabulation, election ballots shall be stored by the association in a secure place for no less than one year after the date of the election. In the event of a recount or other challenge to the election process, the association shall, upon written request, make the ballots available for inspection and review by association members or their authorized representatives. Any

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recount shall be conducted in a manner that shall preserve the 2 confidentiality of the vote. 3

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- (k) Except for the election or removal of directors, a membership meeting shall not be required unless required by the governing documents of the association.
- (1) The provisions of this section apply to both incorporated and unincorporated associations, notwithstanding any contrary provision of the governing documents.
- (m) The procedures set forth in this section shall apply only to votes cast directly by the membership, and shall not apply to any meeting where the governing documents call for votes to be cast or carried by delegates or other elected representatives.
- SEC. 2. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:
- In order to ensure that these changes apply to election 18 19 conducted by common interest developments as soon as possible, 20 it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.